

FLUID POWER FORMULAS



FORMULA FOR	WORD FORMULA	LETTER FORMULA
FLUID PRESSURE In Pounds per Square Inch	$PRESSURE = \frac{FORCE \text{ (pounds)}}{UNIT AREA \text{ (Sq.In.)}}$	$P = \frac{F}{A} \text{ or } psi = \frac{F}{A}$
CYLINDER AREA In Square Inches	$AREA = \pi \times RADIUS^2 \text{ (Inches)}$	$A = \pi r^2$
	$AREA = \frac{\pi \times DIAMETER^2}{4} \text{ (Inches)}$	$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} \text{ or } A = .785D^2$
CYLINDER FORCE In Pounds, Push or Pull	$FORCE = PRESSURE \text{ (psi)} \times NET AREA \text{ (Sq. In.)}$	$F = psi \times A \text{ or } F = PA$
CYLINDER VELOCITY or SPEED In Feet per Second	$VELOCITY = \frac{231 \times FLOW RATE \text{ (gpm)}}{12 \times 60 \times NET AREA \text{ (Sq. In.)}}$	$V = \frac{231Q}{720A} \text{ or } V = \frac{.3208Q}{A}$
CYLINDER VOLUME CAPACITY In Gallons of Fluid	$VOLUME = \frac{\pi \times RADIUS^2 \times STROKE \text{ (Inches)}}{231}$	$V = \frac{\pi r^2 t}{231} \quad t = \text{stroke}$
	$VOLUME = \frac{NET AREA \text{ (Sq. In.)} \times STROKE \text{ (Inches)}}{231}$	$V = \frac{At}{231} \quad t = \text{stroke}$
CYLINDER FLOW RATE In Gallons per Minute	$FLOWRATE = \frac{12 \times 60 \times VELOCITY \text{ (Ft/Sec)} \times NET AREA \text{ (Sq.In.)}}{231}$	$Q = \frac{720vA}{231} \text{ or } Q = 3.117vA$
FLUID MOTOR TORQUE In Inch Pounds	$TORQUE = \frac{PRESSURE \text{ (psi)} \times F.M. DISPLACEMENT \text{ (Cu.In./Rev.)}}{2\pi}$	$T = \frac{psid}{2\pi} \text{ or } T = \frac{Pd}{2\pi}$
	$TORQUE = \frac{HORSEPOWER \times 63025}{RPM}$	$T = \frac{63025HP}{n}$
	$TORQUE = \frac{FLOW RATE \text{ (GPM)} \times PRESSURE \text{ (psi)} \times 36.77}{RPM}$	$T = \frac{36.77QP}{n}$ or $T = \frac{36.77Qpsi}{n}$
FLUID MOTOR TORQUE Per 100 PSI In Inch Pounds	$TORQUE \text{ per } 100 \text{ psi} = \frac{F.M.DISPLACEMENT \text{ (Cu.In./Rev.)}}{.0628}$	$T_{100psi} = \frac{d}{.0628}$
FLUID MOTOR SPEED In Revolutions per Minute	$SPEED = \frac{231 \times FLOW RATE \text{ (GPM)}}{F.M. DISPLACEMENT \text{ (Cu.In./Rev.)}}$	$n = \frac{231Q}{d}$
FLUID MOTOR POWER In Horsepower Output	$HP OUTPUT = \frac{TORQUE OUTPUT \text{ (inch Pounds)} \times RPM}{63025}$	$HP = \frac{Tn}{63025}$
PUMP OUTLET FLOW In Gallons per Minute	$FLOW = \frac{RPM \times PUMP DISPLACEMENT \text{ (Cu.In./Rev.)}}{231}$	$Q = \frac{nd}{231}$
PUMP INPUT POWER In Horsepower Required	$HP INPUT = \frac{FLOW RATE OUTPUT \text{ (GPM)} \times PRESSURE \text{ (psi)}}{1714 \times EFFICIENCY \text{ (Overall)}}$	$HP = \frac{QP}{1714 \times Eff}$ or $\frac{GPM \times psi}{1714 \times Eff}$
FLOW RATE THROUGH PIPING In Feet per Second	$VELOCITY = \frac{.3208 \times FLOW RATE THROUGH I.D. \text{ (GPM)}}{INTERNAL AREA \text{ (Square Inches)}}$	$v = \frac{.3208Q}{A}$
COMPRESSIBILITY OF OIL In Additional Required Oil to Reach Pressure	$Additional \text{ Oil Volume} = \frac{Pressure \text{ (psi)} \times Volume \text{ of Oil Under Pressure}}{250,000}$	$V = \frac{PV}{250,000}$ (Approx. 1/2% per 1000 psi)